

Androsace lactea

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.07**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **25.82**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **1.04**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **3**

Moisture indicator value: **3.3**

Reaction indicator value: **7.7**

Nutrient indicator value: **2**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.04**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.44**

Disturbance severity: **0.32**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.28**

Mowing frequency: **0.01**

Grazing pressure: **0.25**

Soil disturbance: **0.1**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CU \(SES\) *Elyno-Seslerietea*](#), [KC \(ASP\) *Asplenietea trichomanis*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R44 Arctic-alpine calcareous grassland](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline),
Oromediterranean scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **4**

Continentality amplitude: **2**