

Tamarix canariensis

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **6.34**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Phanerophyte, Shrub**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **11.47**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-April**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Wet**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Slightly saline or brackish**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.5**

Temperature indicator value: **9**

Moisture indicator value: **6.5**

Reaction indicator value: **6**

Nutrient indicator value: **4**

Salinity indicator value: **2.5**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.78**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.69**

Disturbance severity: **0.54**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.39**

Mowing frequency: **0.03**

Grazing pressure: **0.27**

Soil disturbance: **0.17**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [FD \(NER\) Nerio-Tamaricetea](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [S93 Mediterranean riparian scrub](#)

Dominant species of EUNIS habitats: [S93 Mediterranean riparian scrub](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal saltmarsh, Coastal beach, dune or shingle, Saline vegetation, Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**