

Echinophora spinosa

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.34**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **May-September**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **88.04**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **9**

Temperature indicator value: **8**

Moisture indicator value: **4**

Reaction indicator value: **7**

Nutrient indicator value: **5**

Salinity indicator value: **4.5**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.88**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **2.05**

Disturbance severity: **0.41**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.4**

Mowing frequency: **0.01**

Grazing pressure: **0.12**

Soil disturbance: **0.7**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [JD \(AMM\) *Ammophiletea arundinaceae*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [N14 Mediterranean, Macaronesian and Black Sea shifting coastal dune](#), [N16 Mediterranean and Macaronesian coastal dune grassland \(grey dune\)](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [N14 Mediterranean, Macaronesian and Black Sea shifting coastal dune](#), [N16 Mediterranean and Macaronesian coastal dune grassland \(grey dune\)](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal beach, dune or shingle**