Veronica hederifolia aggr.

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.09**
Life span: **Annual**
Life form: **Therophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **28.82**

Flower

Flowering period: **January-May, December**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **3.48**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Moisture indicator value: **4.5**
Reaction indicator value: **6.6**
Nutrient indicator value: **6.6**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.54**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.64**
Disturbance severity: **0.78**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.61**
Mowing frequency: **0.27**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Grazing pressure: **0.16**
Soil disturbance: **0.54**

Habitat and sociology

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **V13 Arable land with unmixed crops grown by low-intensity agricultural methods**, **V15 Bare tilled, fallow or recently abandoned arable land**
Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **V13 Arable land with unmixed crops grown by low-intensity agricultural methods**, **V15 Bare tilled, fallow or recently abandoned arable land**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Wetland, Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree), Synanthropic**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz